

## What is Claimed is:

- [c1] A method for pipelining processing of a packet within a packet protocol handler, said method comprising:
- performing a packet processing task with respect to a packet in a first processor or a first thread; and
  - performing subsequent packet processing tasks with respect to said packet utilizing subsequent processors or threads, wherein said subsequent processors or threads are dynamically allocated.
- [c2] The method of claim 1, wherein said subsequent processors or threads have associated input work queues, said method further comprising:
- determining the available capacity of said input work queues; and
  - dynamically allocating said subsequent packet processing tasks to said subsequent processors or threads in accordance with said determined available capacity of said input work queues.
- [c3] The method of claim 2, wherein said input work queue capacity availability determination includes:
- determining whether or not one of said input work queues exceeds a predetermined threshold;
  - responsive to said one of said input work queues exceeding said predetermined threshold, determining the availability of an alternative one of said subsequent processors or threads; and
  - responsive to said one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold, delivering a protocol processing task subset pointer into said one of said input work queues.
- [c4] The method of claim 3, further comprising, responsive to said one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold, issuing a pipeline synchronization signal to the subsequent processor or thread associated with said one of said input work queues.
- [c5] The method of claim 2, further comprising:
- responsive to one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold, placing a task pointer into said one of said

input work queues.

[c6] The method of claim 1, wherein inbound packet processing is performed within said packet protocol handler utilizing an inbound direct memory access (DMA) controller, said performing a packet processing task comprising:

- initiating a first processing thread within said first processor, wherein said first processing thread:

  - obtains a memory address for said packet; and

  - sets up an inbound DMA for said received packet utilizing said inbound DMA controller.

[c7] The method of claim 6, further comprising:

- utilizing said inbound DMA controller to move said packet from an inbound buffer into a memory location in accordance with said inbound DMA set up;

- responsive to moving the header of said packet, issuing a header received synchronization signal from said inbound DMA controller to said available subsequent processor; and

- responsive to receiving said header received synchronization signal, initiating a second processing thread within said subsequent available processor, wherein said second processing thread:

  - reads the packet header and fetches a control block in accordance with packet header information; and

  - processes said packet in accordance with said fetched control block.

[c8] The method of claim 6, further comprising:

- utilizing said inbound DMA controller to move said packet from an inbound DMA buffer into a memory location in accordance with said inbound DMA set up;

- responsive to moving said packet, placing the pointer to the memory location where said packet resides to the input work queue of said first processor or thread.

[c9] The method of claim 7, wherein said processing said packet comprises:

responsive to determining that an acknowledgment signal is required:  
generating an acknowledgment packet; and  
issuing an acknowledgment synchronization signal to a third  
processing thread within a next available processor; and  
responsive to receipt of said acknowledgment synchronization signal,  
performing an outbound direct memory access within said third  
processing thread.

[c10] A system for pipelining processing of a packet within a packet protocol handler, said system comprising:

processing means for performing a packet processing task with respect to a packet in a first processor or a first thread; and  
processing means for performing subsequent packet processing tasks with respect to said packet utilizing subsequent processors or threads, wherein said subsequent processors or threads are dynamically allocated.

[c11] The system of claim 10, wherein said subsequent processors or threads have associated input work queues, said system further comprising:

processing means for determining the available capacity of said input work queues; and  
processing means for dynamically allocating said subsequent packet processing tasks to said subsequent processors or threads in accordance with said determined available capacity of said input work queues.

[c12] The system of claim 11, wherein said processing means for determining the available capacity of said input work queue includes:

processing means for determining whether or not one of said input work queues exceeds a predetermined threshold;  
processing means responsive to said one of said input work queues exceeding said predetermined threshold for determining the availability of an alternative one of said subsequent processors or threads; and  
processing means responsive to said one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold for delivering a protocol processing task subset pointer into said one of said input work queues.

[c13] The system of claim 12, further comprising, processing means responsive to said one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold for issuing a pipeline synchronization signal to the subsequent processor or thread associated with said one of said input work queues.

[c14] The system of claim 11, further comprising:  
processing means responsive to one of said input work queues not exceeding said predetermined threshold for placing a task pointer into said one of said input work queues.

[c15] The system of claim 10, wherein inbound packet processing is performed within said packet protocol handler utilizing an inbound direct memory access (DMA) controller, said processing means for performing a packet processing task comprising:

processing means for initiating a first processing thread within said first processor, wherein said first processing thread:

obtains a memory address for said packet; and

sets up an inbound DMA for said received packet utilizing said inbound DMA controller.

[c16] The system of claim 15, further comprising:  
processing means within said inbound DMA controller for moving said packet from an inbound buffer into a memory location in accordance with said inbound DMA set up;  
processing means responsive to moving the header of said packet for issuing a header received synchronization signal from said inbound DMA controller to said available subsequent processor; and  
processing means responsive to receiving said header received synchronization signal for initiating a second processing thread within said subsequent available processor, wherein said second processing thread:  
reads the packet header and fetches a control block in accordance with packet header information; and  
processes said packet in accordance with said fetched control

block.

[c17] The system of claim 15, further comprising:

- processing means within said inbound DMA controller for moving said packet from an inbound DMA buffer into a memory location in accordance with said inbound DMA set up;
- processing means responsive to moving said packet for placing the pointer to the memory location where said packet resides to the input work queue of said first processor or thread.

[c18] The system of claim 16, wherein said processing means for processing said packet comprises:

- processing means responsive to determining that an acknowledgment signal is required for:
  - generating an acknowledgment packet; and
  - issuing an acknowledgment synchronization signal to a third processing thread within a next available processor; and
- processing means responsive to receipt of said acknowledgment synchronization signal for performing an outbound direct memory access within said third processing thread.